



CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF ESQUIMALT

LATE AGENDA ITEMS REGULAR COUNCIL

Monday, June 22nd, 2020 @ 7:00 pm
Esquimalt Council Chambers

(1) ADD AS Item No. 3: **APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA** - The following recommendation to be considered prior to approval of the agenda:

- Ministerial Order No. 192 (Attachment No. 1)

RECOMMENDATION:

That Council resolve that the following three meetings on June 22, 2020, July 6, 2020, and July 13, 2020, will be held excluding “in-person” attendance of the public under the authority of Ministerial Order No. 192, and despite best efforts of Council, the attendance of members of the public including presenters of presentations and delegations, cannot currently be accommodated at a meeting that would otherwise be held in accordance with the applicable requirements or recommendations under the *Public Health Act* because;

- 1) The available meeting facilities at the Township of Esquimalt Municipal Hall cannot accommodate more than 20 persons present “in person”, including members of Council and staff;
- 2) There are no other facilities presently available that will allow physical attendance of the public without compromising the options of attending the meeting by telephone conference call, and viewing the meeting via live webcast; and
- 3) That Council is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting by allowing the public to hear and participate via telephone conference call, and allowing the public to hear and see the meeting via live webcasting.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

ORDER OF THE MINISTER OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND
SOLICITOR GENERAL

Emergency Program Act

Ministerial Order No. M192

WHEREAS a declaration of a state of emergency throughout the whole of the Province of British Columbia was declared on March 18, 2020;

AND WHEREAS local governments, including the City of Vancouver, and related bodies must be able to conduct their business in accordance with public health advisories to reduce the threat of COVID-19 to the health and safety of members and employees of local government and related bodies and members of the public;

AND WHEREAS it is recognized that public participation in local governance is an essential part of a free and democratic society and is important to local governments' purpose of providing good government to communities;

AND WHEREAS the threat of COVID-19 to the health and safety of people has resulted in the requirement that local governments and related bodies implement necessary limitations on this public participation;

AND WHEREAS section 10 (1) of the *Emergency Program Act* provides that I may do all acts and implement all procedures that I consider necessary to prevent, respond to or alleviate the effects of any emergency or disaster;

I, Mike Farnworth, Minister of Public Safety and Solicitor General, order that

- (a) the Local Government Meetings and Bylaw Process (COVID-19) Order No. 2 made by MO 139/2020 is repealed, and
- (b) the attached Local Government Meetings and Bylaw Process (COVID-19) Order No. 3 is made.

Date

17/06/2020

Minister of Public Safety and Solicitor General



(This part is for administrative purposes only and is not part of the Order.)

Authority under which Order is made:

Act and section: *Emergency Program Act*, R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 111, s. 10

Other: MO 73/2020; MO 139/2020; OIC 310/2020

LOCAL GOVERNMENT MEETINGS AND BYLAW PROCESS (COVID-19) ORDER NO. 3

Division 1 – General

Definitions

1 In this order:

“**board**” has the same meaning as in the Schedule of the *Local Government Act*;

“**council**” has the same meaning as in the Schedule of the *Community Charter*;

“**improvement district**” has the same meaning as in the Schedule of the *Local Government Act*;

“**local trust committee**” has the same meaning as in section 1 of the *Islands Trust Act*;

“**municipality**” has the same meaning as in the Schedule of the *Community Charter*;

“**municipality procedure bylaw**” has the same meaning as “procedure bylaw” in the Schedule of the *Community Charter*;

“**regional district**” has the same meaning as in the Schedule of the *Local Government Act*;

“**regional district procedure bylaw**” means a procedure bylaw under section 225 of the *Local Government Act*;

“**trust body**” means

- (a) the trust council,
 - (b) the executive committee,
 - (c) a local trust committee, or
 - (d) the Islands Trust Conservancy,
- as defined in the *Islands Trust Act*;

“**Vancouver council**” has the same meaning as “Council” in section 2 of the *Vancouver Charter*;

“**Vancouver procedure bylaw**” means a bylaw under section 165 [*by-laws respecting Council proceedings and other administrative matters*] of the *Vancouver Charter*.

Application

- 2 (1) This order only applies during the period that the declaration of a state of emergency made March 18, 2020 under section 9 (1) of the *Emergency Program Act* and any extension of the duration of that declaration is in effect.
- (2) This order replaces the Local Government Meetings and Bylaw Process (COVID-19) Order No. 2 made by MO 139/2020.

Division 2 – Open Meetings

Open meetings – municipalities

- 3 (1) A council, or a body referred to in section 93 [*application of rule to other bodies*] of the *Community Charter*, must use best efforts to allow members of the public to attend an open meeting of the council or body in a manner that is consistent with any applicable requirements or recommendations made under the *Public Health Act*.
- (2) A council or body is not required to allow members of the public to attend a meeting if, despite the best efforts of the council or body, the attendance of members of the public cannot be accommodated at a meeting that would otherwise be held in accordance with the applicable requirements or recommendations under the *Public Health Act*.
- (3) If a council or body does not allow members of the public to attend a meeting, as contemplated in subsection (2) of this section,
- (a) the council or body must state the following, by resolution:
 - (i) the basis for holding the meeting without members of the public in attendance;
 - (ii) the means by which the council or body is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting, and
 - (b) for the purposes of Division 3 [*Open Meetings*] of Part 4 [*Public Participation and Council Accountability*] of the *Community Charter*, the meeting is not to be considered closed to the public.
- (4) The council or body may pass a resolution under subsection (3) (a) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.
- (5) This section applies despite
- (a) Division 3 [*Open Meetings*] of Part 4 [*Public Participation and Council Accountability*] of the *Community Charter*, and
 - (b) any applicable requirements in a municipality procedure bylaw of a council.

Open meetings – regional districts

- 4 (1) A board, a board committee established under section 218 [*appointment of select and standing committees*] of the *Local Government Act*, or a body referred to in section 93 [*application of rule to other bodies*] of the *Community Charter* as that section applies under section 226 [*board proceedings: application of Community Charter*] of the *Local Government Act*, must use best efforts to allow members of the public to attend an open meeting of the board, board committee or body in a manner that is consistent with any applicable requirements or recommendations made under the *Public Health Act*.
- (2) A board, board committee or body is not required to allow members of the public to attend a meeting if, despite the best efforts of the board, board committee or body, the attendance of members of the public cannot be accommodated at a meeting that would otherwise be held in accordance with the applicable requirements or recommendations under the *Public Health Act*.

- (3) If a board, board committee or body does not allow members of the public to attend a meeting, as contemplated in subsection (2) of this section,
 - (a) the board, board committee or body must state the following, by resolution:
 - (i) the basis for holding the meeting without members of the public in attendance;
 - (ii) the means by which the board, board committee or body is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting, and
 - (b) for the purposes of Division 3 [*Open Meetings*] of Part 4 [*Public Participation and Council Accountability*] of the *Community Charter* as that Division applies to a regional district under section 226 of the *Local Government Act*, the meeting is not to be considered closed to the public.
- (4) The board, board committee or body may pass a resolution under subsection (3) (a) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.
- (5) This section applies despite
 - (a) Division 3 [*Open Meetings*] of Part 4 [*Public Participation and Council Accountability*] of the *Community Charter*,
 - (b) section 226 [*board proceedings: application of Community Charter*] of the *Local Government Act*, and
 - (c) any applicable requirements in a regional district procedure bylaw of a board.

Open meetings – Vancouver

- 5 (1) The Vancouver council, or a body referred to in section 165.7 [*application to other city bodies*] of the *Vancouver Charter*, must use best efforts to allow members of the public to attend an open meeting of the Vancouver council or the body in a manner that is consistent with any applicable requirements or recommendations made under the *Public Health Act*.
- (2) The Vancouver council or a body is not required to allow members of the public to attend a meeting if, despite the best efforts of the Vancouver council or the body, the attendance of members of the public cannot be accommodated at a meeting that would otherwise be held in accordance with the applicable requirements or recommendations under the *Public Health Act*.
- (3) If the Vancouver council or a body does not allow members of the public to attend a meeting, as contemplated in subsection (2) of this section,
 - (a) the Vancouver council or the body must state the following, by resolution:
 - (i) the basis for holding the meeting without members of the public in attendance;
 - (ii) the means by which the Vancouver council or the body is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting, and
 - (b) for the purposes of section 165.1 [*general rule that meetings must be open to the public*] of the *Vancouver Charter*, the meeting is not to be considered closed to the public.

- (4) The Vancouver council or a body may pass a resolution under subsection (3) (a) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.
- (5) This section applies despite
 - (a) section 165.1 of the *Vancouver Charter*, and
 - (b) any applicable provision in the Vancouver procedure bylaw.

Open meetings – trust bodies

- 6 (1) A trust body, or a board of variance established by a local trust committee under section 29 (1) [*land use and subdivision regulation*] of the *Islands Trust Act*, must use best efforts to allow members of the public to attend an open meeting of the trust body or board of variance in a manner that is consistent with any applicable requirements or recommendations made under the *Public Health Act*.
- (2) A trust body or board of variance is not required to allow members of the public to attend a meeting if, despite the best efforts of the trust body or board of variance, the attendance of members of the public cannot be accommodated at a meeting that would otherwise be held in accordance with the applicable requirements or recommendations under the *Public Health Act*.
- (3) If a trust body or board of variance does not allow members of the public to attend a meeting, as contemplated in subsection (2) of this section,
 - (a) the trust body or board of variance must state the following, by resolution:
 - (i) the basis for holding the meeting without members of the public in attendance;
 - (ii) the means by which the trust body or board of variance is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting, and
 - (b) For the purposes of section 11 [*procedures to be followed by local trust committees*] of the *Islands Trust Act*, the meeting is not to be considered closed to the public.
- (4) A trust body or board of variance may pass a resolution under subsection (3) (a) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.
- (5) This section applies despite
 - (a) section 11 [*application of Community Charter and Local Government Act to trust bodies*] of the *Islands Trust Regulation*, B.C. Reg. 119/90, and
 - (b) any applicable requirements in a procedure bylaw of a trust body.

Division 3 – Electronic Meetings

Electronic meetings – municipalities

- 7 (1) A council, or a body referred to in section 93 [*application of rule to other bodies*] of the *Community Charter*, may conduct all or part of a meeting of the council or body by means of electronic or other communication facilities.

- (2) A member of a council or body who participates in a meeting by means of electronic or other communication facilities under this section is deemed to be present at the meeting.
- (3) When conducting a meeting under subsection (1), a council or body must use best efforts to use electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public.
- (4) If a council or body does not use electronic or other communication facilities as described in subsection (3), the council or body must state the following, by resolution:
 - (a) the basis for not using electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public;
 - (b) the means by which the council or body is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting.
- (5) A council or body may pass a resolution under subsection (4) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.
- (6) Section 128 (2) (c) and (d) [*electronic meetings and participation by members*] of the *Community Charter* does not apply in respect of a meeting conducted by means of electronic or other communication facilities under this section unless a council or body proceeds as described in subsection (3) of this section, in which case those paragraphs apply.
- (7) This section applies despite
 - (a) section 128 of the *Community Charter*, and
 - (b) any applicable requirements in a municipality procedure bylaw of a council.

Electronic meetings – regional districts

- 8 (1) A board, a board committee established under section 218 [*appointment of select and standing committees*] of the *Local Government Act*, or a body referred to in section 93 [*application of rule to other bodies*] of the *Community Charter* as that section applies under section 226 [*board proceedings: application of Community Charter*] of the *Local Government Act*, may conduct all or part of a meeting of the board, board committee or body by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
- (2) A member of a board, board committee or body who participates in a meeting by means of electronic or other communication facilities under this section is deemed to be present at the meeting.
- (3) When conducting a meeting under subsection (1), a board, board committee or body must use best efforts to use electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public.
- (4) If a board, board committee or body does not use electronic or other communication facilities as described in subsection (3), the board, board committee or body must state the following, by resolution:

- (a) the basis for not using electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public;
 - (b) the means by which the board, board committee or body is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting.
- (5) A board, board committee or body may pass a resolution under subsection (4) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.
- (6) Section 2 (2) (d) and (e) [*electronic meetings authorized*] of the Regional District Electronic Meetings Regulation, B.C. Reg. 271/2005, does not apply in respect of a meeting conducted by means of electronic or other communication facilities under this section unless a board, board committee or body proceeds by using electronic or other communication facilities as described in subsection (3) of this section, in which case those paragraphs apply.
- (7) This section applies despite
- (a) section 221 [*electronic meetings and participation by members*] of the *Local Government Act*,
 - (b) the Regional District Electronic Meetings Regulation, and
 - (c) any applicable requirements in a regional district procedure bylaw of a board.

Electronic meetings – Vancouver

- 9 (1) The Vancouver council, or a body referred to in section 165.7 [*application to other city bodies*] of the *Vancouver Charter*, may conduct all or part of a meeting of the Vancouver council or the body by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
- (2) A member of the Vancouver council or of a body who participates in a meeting by means of electronic or other communication facilities under this section is deemed to be present at the meeting.
- (3) When conducting a meeting under subsection (1), the Vancouver council or a body must use best efforts to use electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public.
- (4) If the Vancouver council or a body does not use electronic or other communication facilities as described in subsection (3), the Vancouver council or the body must state the following, by resolution:
- (a) the basis for not using electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public;
 - (b) the means by which the Vancouver council or the body is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting.
- (5) The Vancouver council or a body may pass a resolution under subsection (4) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.

- (6) Section 2 (2) (c) and (d) [*electronic meetings authorized*] of the City of Vancouver Council Electronic Meetings Regulation, B.C. Reg. 42/2012, does not apply in respect of a meeting conducted by means of electronic or other communication facilities under this section unless the Vancouver council or a body proceeds by using electronic or other communication facilities as described in subsection (3) of this section, in which case those paragraphs apply.
- (7) This section applies despite
 - (a) section 164.1 [*meeting procedures*] of the *Vancouver Charter*,
 - (b) the City of Vancouver Council Electronic Meetings Regulation, and
 - (c) any applicable provision in the Vancouver procedure bylaw.

Electronic meetings – improvement districts

- 10 (1) An improvement district board, or a committee of an improvement district board appointed or established under section 689 [*appointment of select and standing committees*] of the *Local Government Act*, may conduct all or part of a meeting of the improvement district board or committee of an improvement district board, other than an annual general meeting, by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
- (2) A member of an improvement district board or committee of an improvement district board who participates in a meeting by means of electronic or other communication facilities under this section is deemed to be present at the meeting.
- (3) When conducting a meeting under subsection (1), an improvement district board or committee of an improvement district board must use best efforts to use electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public.
- (4) If an improvement district board or committee of an improvement district board does not use electronic or other communication facilities as described in subsection (3), the improvement district board or committee of an improvement district board must state the following, by resolution:
 - (a) the basis for not using electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public;
 - (b) the means by which the improvement district board or committee of an improvement district board is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting.
- (5) An improvement district board or committee of an improvement district board may pass a resolution under subsection (4) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.
- (6) This section applies despite
 - (a) section 686 [*meeting procedure – improvement district board*] of the *Local Government Act*, and
 - (b) any applicable requirements in a procedure bylaw of an improvement district board.

Electronic meetings – trust bodies

- 11 (1) A trust body, or a board of variance established by a local trust committee under section 29 (1) [*land use and subdivision regulation*] of the *Islands Trust Act*, may conduct all or part of a meeting of the trust body or board of variance by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
- (2) A member of a trust body or board of variance who participates in a meeting by means of electronic or other communication facilities under this section is deemed to be present at the meeting.
- (3) When conducting a meeting under subsection (1), a trust body or board of variance must use best efforts to use electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public.
- (4) If a trust body or board of variance does not use electronic or other communication facilities as described in subsection (3), the trust body or board of variance must state the following, by resolution:
- (a) the basis for not using electronic or other communication facilities that allow members of the public to hear, or watch and hear, the part of the meeting that is open to the public;
 - (b) the means by which the trust body or board of variance is ensuring openness, transparency, accessibility and accountability in respect of the meeting.
- (5) A trust body or board of variance may pass a resolution under subsection (4) in reference to a specific meeting or, if the same circumstances apply, more than one meeting.
- (6) This section applies despite
- (a) section 2 [*electronic meetings authorized*] of the *Islands Trust Electronic Meetings Regulation*, B.C. Reg. 283/2009, and
 - (b) any applicable requirements in a procedure bylaw of a trust body or applicable to a board of variance.

Division 4 – Timing Requirements

Timing requirement for bylaw passage – municipalities

- 12 Despite section 135 (3) [*requirements for passing bylaws*] of the *Community Charter*, a council may adopt a bylaw on the same day that a bylaw has been given third reading if the bylaw is made in relation to
- (a) the following sections of the *Community Charter*:
 - (i) section 165 [*financial plan*];
 - (ii) section 177 [*revenue anticipation borrowing*];
 - (iii) section 194 [*municipal fees*];
 - (iv) section 197 [*annual property tax bylaw*];
 - (v) section 200 [*parcel tax bylaw*];
 - (vi) section 202 [*parcel tax roll for purpose of imposing tax*];
 - (vii) section 224 [*general authority for permissive exemptions*];

- (viii) section 226 [*revitalization tax exemptions*];
- (ix) section 235 [*alternative municipal tax collection scheme*], and
- (b) tax sales, as referred to in Divisions 4 [*Annual Tax Sales*] and 5 [*Tax Sale Redemption Periods*] of the Local Government Finance (COVID-19) Order made by MO 159/2020, or otherwise under Division 7 [*Annual Municipal Tax Sale*] of Part 16 [*Municipal Provisions*] of the *Local Government Act*.

Division 5 – Public Hearings

Public hearings – Local Government Act

- 13
- (1) A public hearing under Part 14 [*Planning and Land Use Management*] or 15 [*Heritage Conservation*] of the *Local Government Act*, including a public hearing under section 29 (1) (b) [*land use and subdivision regulation*] of the *Islands Trust Act*, may be conducted by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
 - (2) For the purposes of providing notice of a public hearing to be conducted under subsection (1),
 - (a) any notice of the public hearing must include instructions for how to participate in the public hearing by means of electronic or other communication facilities,
 - (b) any material that is to be made available for public inspection for the purposes of the public hearing may be made available online or otherwise by means of electronic or other communication facilities, and
 - (c) a reference to the place of a public hearing includes a public hearing that is conducted by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
 - (3) This section applies to delegated public hearings.
 - (4) This section applies despite the following provisions:
 - (a) section 124 [*procedure bylaws*] of the *Community Charter*;
 - (b) section 225 [*procedure bylaws*] of the *Local Government Act*;
 - (c) section 11 [*application of Community Charter and Local Government Act to trust bodies*] of the *Islands Trust Regulation*, B.C. Reg. 119/90;
 - (d) section 2 [*electronic meetings authorized*] of the *Islands Trust Electronic Meetings Regulation*, B.C. Reg. 283/2009;
 - (e) any applicable requirements in a procedure bylaw made under the *Community Charter*, the *Local Government Act* or the *Islands Trust Act*.

Public hearings – Vancouver Charter

- 14
- (1) A public hearing under Division 2 [*Planning and Development*] of Part 27 [*Planning and Development*] of the *Vancouver Charter* may be conducted by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
 - (2) For the purposes of providing notice of a public hearing to be conducted under subsection (1),
 - (a) any notice of the public hearing must include instructions for how to participate in the public hearing by means of electronic or other communication facilities,

- (b) any material that is to be made available for public inspection for the purposes of the public hearing may be made available online or otherwise by means of electronic or other communication facilities, and
 - (c) a reference to the place of a public hearing includes a public hearing that is conducted by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
- (3) This section applies despite
- (a) section 566 [*amendment or repeal of zoning by-law*] of the *Vancouver Charter*, and
 - (b) any applicable provision in the Vancouver procedure bylaw.

Division 6 – Deferral of Annual Requirements

Annual general meeting and requirements – improvement districts

- 15
- (1) An improvement district may defer an annual general meeting that is required under section 690 [*annual general meeting – improvement districts*] of the *Local Government Act* to a date not later than December 31, 2020.
 - (2) An improvement district may defer the preparation of financial statements required under section 691 [*annual financial statements*] of the *Local Government Act* to a date not later than December 31, 2020.
 - (3) Despite the date referred to in section 691 (5) of the *Local Government Act*, an improvement district may submit to the inspector the audited financial statements of the improvement district for the preceding year and any other financial information required by the inspector at the time of the annual general meeting of the improvement district.
 - (4) If an annual general meeting of an improvement district is deferred under subsection (1) of this section and the term of an improvement district trustee would be expiring and the vacancy filled at that meeting, the term of the improvement district trustee is extended until the annual general meeting is held.
 - (5) This section applies despite
 - (a) Division 3 [*Governance and Organization*] of Part 17 [*Improvement Districts*] of the *Local Government Act*, and
 - (b) any applicable provisions in a letters patent for an improvement district.